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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/074,530	02/11/2002	Kevin M. Liga	2050.141US1	6699	
44367 SCHWEGMA	7590 11/03/200 N. LUNDBERG & WO	EXAM	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 2938			LE, KHANH H		
MINNEAPOL	IS, MN 55402-0938	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3688	•	
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			11/03/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/074,530	LIGA ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
KHANH H. LE	3688		

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address								
THE REPLY FILED 07 October 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.						
 X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of App for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: 	he reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this oplication, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the oplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request or Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time							
 a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection. 								
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO							
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). xtensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee								
Extensions to little rings to businest unless 3 CFR.1.136(a), in the date of manual reliperations unless 3 CFR.1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR.1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration flag per point of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR.1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration failed of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (a) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filled, may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR.1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL								
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp	liance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be	filed within two months	s of the date of					
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).								
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>								
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, I			cause					
(a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);								
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo								
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet	ter form for appeal by materially red	ducing or simplifying t	ne issues for					
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally rais	noted alaims						
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	cted claims.						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.116	21 See attached Nation of Non Co.	mpliant Amandment /	DTOL 224)					
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		Inpliant Amendment (101-324).					
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all		imely filed amendmen	at canceling the					
non-allowable claim(s).	iowabie ii subiliitted iii a separate, i	illitely filed afficilatiles	it canceling the					
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		I be entered and an e	xplanation of					
Claim(s) allowed:								
Claim(s) objected to: <u>25-31 and 42</u> .								
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:								
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE								
The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).								
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a					
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.					
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER								
 The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 		condition for allowan	ce because:					
12. 🔲 Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)								
13. Other:								
KL	(1)							
112	/Ja Supervisory Patent Exa	ames W Myhre/						
	Supervisory Faterit Exar	miner, Alt Offic 3000						

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The prima facie case under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) has been presented earlier. Applicants have not been persuasive how the Examiner did not make a prima facie case. In other words, the part of Lazaridis relied upon is the teaching of scanning many broadcast channels when needed to locate an ad. "As stated earlier, in the alternative, if a dedicated channel is known to provide such targeted ad, to tune a receiver to that channel, would have been obvious, since that would have been a more efficient method to locate the ad. In other words, even if it's true that Lazaridis teaches scanning all channels, every time, as argued, a PHOSITA would have known to apply some common sense and adapt the teachings of LAZARIDIS only as necessary to their situation. Thus if an ad is known to be located on a dedicated channel, such knowledge derived from e.g. some source independent of scanning as done in LAZARIDIS or even, e.g. after scanning a few channels as done in LAZARIDIS, it would have been obvious to a PHOSITA to either not start the scanning or stop the scanning as appropriate because doing otherwise would have been inefficient or wasting resources." The Supreme Court in KSR v. Teleflex, 127 S. Ct. 1727, has adopted a flexilibe approach in obviousness analyses under 35 U.S.C. 103 wherein logical reasoning and common sense as applied above would be found sufficient to make the prima facie case. It is also noted method claims 25 and 26 can be interpreted as scanning just as done in Lazaridis, thereby determining whether an ad is located on a dedicated channel. In that case a PHosita would have known to stop the scanning and tune the dedicated channel. as stated above, not to waste resources. It is noted no particular order is claimed for performing the steps of claim 26. It is also noted, as amended claims 25 and 42 read on one alternative (e.g. scanning) or the other (not scanning) but not both, therefore Applicants arguments that the Examiner fail the prima facie case cannot apply to these 2 claims.